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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:38:09 ON 27 APR 2007)
                       PILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:38:28 ON 27 APR 2007
  L1
L5
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                                                   STR
750 SEA SSS FUL L1
                                                                                                                                               .
                                                    251 SEA SUB-L5 SSS FUL L6
                        FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:41:25 ON 27 APR 2007
3 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L7
D STAT QUE L8
D IBIB ABS HITSTR L8 1-3
                      FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:42:41 ON 27 APR 2007
499 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L5 NOT L7
                                   499 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L5 NOT L7

LE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:42:51 ON 27 APR 2007

6 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L9

3 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L10 NOT L8

D STAT OUE L11

D ISIB ABS HITETE L11 1-3

113 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON "MOMOSE YU"/AU OR MOMOSE Y/AU

OR SAKAI N/AU

244 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON "MAEKAMA TSUYOSHI"/AU OR MAEKAMA T/AU

245 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON "MAEKAMA TSUYOSHI"/AU OR MAEKAMA T/AU

245 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON "MAEKAMA TSUYOSHI"/AU OR MAEKAMA T/AU

OR "KAMAMURA TORU"/AU) OR KAMAMURA TOWU"/AU)

OR "KAMAMURA TORU"/AU) OR KAMAMURA TOWU"/AU)

2 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L12 AND L13 AND L14 AND L15 AND L16

12 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L12 AND L14 OR L15 OR L16)

24 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L13 AND (L14 OR L15 OR L16)

2 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L14 AND (L15 OR L16)

2 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L15 AND L16 OR L16

12 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L17 OR L16 OR L19 OR L21

749779 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L10 AND L25

9 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L20 AND L25

9 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L20 AND PYRAZOL7

19 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L20 AND PYRAZOL7

29 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON (L22 OR DEVENO)

D STAT OUE

D IBIB ABS HITSTE L28 1-28

D IBIB ABS HITSTE L28 29
  L10
L11
 L12
L13
 L14
L15
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L17
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L19
L20
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L25
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L27
L28
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STRUCTURE PILE UPDATES: 26 APR 2007 HIGHEST RN 933069-51-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 26 APR 2007 HIGHEST RN 933069-51-3

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US 10/532667
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NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L5 750 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS PUL L1
L6 STR

VPA 23-2/3/4 U MODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L7 251 SEA PILE-REGISTRY SUB-L5 SSS PUL L6
L8 3 SEA PILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L7

=> d ibib abs hitstr 18 1-3

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FILE HCAPLUS

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LE ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:369221 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:430024

TITLE: 212:430024

Preparation of substituted 2-arylmethylene-N-aryl-N-aryl-maintenantdes and analogs as activators of caspases and inducers of apoptosis

INVENTOR(S): Cai, Sui Xiong; Pervin, Arra; Kasibhatla, Shaileja; Nguyen, Bao Ngoc

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cytovia, Inc., USA
SOURCE: COEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT
LANGUAGE: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT INFORMATION: A2 20050428 W0 2004-US32570 20041005

NO 2005037196 A2 20050428 W0 2004-US32570 20041005

NO 2005037196 A3 20051013

N: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BM, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CM, CC, CC, CC, CC, CC, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EG, ES, FJ, GB, GD, GS, CH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, DM, DM, KM, NM, MM, XM, XM, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, US, US, CV, VN, YU, AZ, AZ, AY, AM, AZ, BY, BY, BY, CM, KZ, MD, NU, IJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, ES, FI, FR, GB, OR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, AZ, AZ, AY, AM, AZ, BY, BY, BY, CM, KZ, MD, NU, IJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, ES, FI, FR, GB, OR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SB, SI, SY, TD, TO
US 2007043076

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: MARPAT 142:430024
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Substituted 2-arylmethylene-N-aryl-N'-aryl-malonamides and analogs I (wherein Art, Ar3 = independently (un)substituted hetero/aryl, hetero/arylalkyl, (partially) saturated carbocyclic, heterocyclic) were prepared as activators of caspases and inducers of appotosis for treating neoplasm. For example, II was prepared by acyletion of with 3-aminobenzotrifluoride malonyl dichloride and reaction of the diamide with 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde. II exhibited caspase activation (ECSO = 15 nM for human breast cancer cell line T-47D), inhibition of cell proliferation (GISO = 180 nM for T-47D). II induced apoptosis in Jurkat and T-47D cells. I can be used to induce cell death in a variety of clin. conditions in which uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells occurs.

312314-08-2P, 2-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]methylenel-N,N'-bis-G3-trifluoromethylphenyl]malonamide

312746-21-7P, 2-[3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]methylenel-N,N'-bis-G3-trifluoromethylphenyl]malonamide

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Lace)

(Uses)
(drug candidate; preparation of 2-arylmethylene-N,N'-diarylmelonamides and analogs as activators of caspases and inducers of apoptosis)
312314-00-2 HCAPUS
Propanediamide, 2-[(3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]methylene]-N,N'-bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

312746-21-7 HCAPLUS
Propanediamide, 2-[[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]methylene}N,N'-bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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US 10/532667

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:406802

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

RUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OPPLINE PRINT *

Title compds. I (wherein A = 5-membered aromatic heterocycle containing 2 or more nitrogens, which may further have substituent(s); B = (un)substituted hydrocarby), heterocycly1; X = divalent acyclic hydrocarbon group; Z = 0, S, NR2, CONR2, or NR2CO; R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; Y = a bond or a divalent acyclic hydrocarbon group; R1 = (un)substituted cyclyl, naino, acyl, provided that when A = imidazole, Z should not be 0; and their salts) were prepared as production/secretion promoters of neurotrophic factors, in particular glisilderived GDNF, for preventing or treating neuropathy having superior action and low toxicity. For example, reacting acid II with oxalyl chloride, followed by acylation of 4-(1H-imidazol-1- ylmethyl)aniline with the in-situ formed acid chloride gave the pyrazolylacrylamide III. Selected I displayed an RSO in the range of 0.12 to 1.00 µm/l using rst C6 glioma cells, demonstrating their GDNF production promoting action. Selected I showed promoted formation of neurite network under a microscope, demonstrating their neuroprotective action.

689252-29-7P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(chloromethyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant) companies, as production/secretion promoters of neurotrophic factors, especially glish-derived GDNF)

699252-29-7 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-(4-(chloromethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yll-. (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

le bond geometry as shown.

Double bond geometry as shown

689248-51-3P, (28)-N-[4-{(Benzyloxycarbonyl)sulfanyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689248-54-2P, (28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-{([4-propyl-4H-1.2.4-triszol-3-yl)methyl]th.olphenyll-2-propenamide 689249-52-0P, Ethyl 2-[4-{([28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]amino]phenyl]acetate 689249-42-1P

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2004:387256 HCAPLUS Full-text 140:406802

140:406802
Preparation of acrylamides, in particular pyrazolylacrylamides, as production/secretion promoters of neurotrophic factors, especially glial-derived GDNF, for treating neuropathy Momose, Yu; Sakai, Nozomu; Nackawa, Tauyoshi; Hazama, Mesatoshi; Kawamura, Toru; Sera, Misayo Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 259 pp.
CODSN: PIXXD2
Patent

PATENT ASSIGNER(S):

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR (S):

| | TRNT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATE | | | |
|----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------------|------|------|-----|-----------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|----------|-----|--|--|
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MO | 2004 | 0393 | 65 | | A1 | 1 20040513 | | | | WO 2003-JP13901 | | | | | | 20031030 | | | |
| | W: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CH, | | |
| | | CN, | CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE. | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC. | BB, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB. | GD, | | |
| | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KB, | KG, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | LK, | | |
| | | LR. | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX. | MZ. | NI. | NO, | NZ. | | |
| | | OM, | PG, | PH, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, | SG, | BK, | SL, | SY, | TJ, | TH. | | |
| | | TN, | TR. | TT, | TZ, | UA, | UG, | US, | υz, | VC, | VN. | YU, | ZA. | ZM. | ZW | | | | |
| | RW: | BW. | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL, | 82, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZN, | AM, | AZ, | | |
| | | BY, | KG, | KZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM, | AT, | BB, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | | |
| | | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | Hυ, | IE, | IT, | LU, | MC. | NL. | PT. | RO, | SE. | SI, | SK. | | |
| | | TR, | BF. | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | | |
| CA | 2504 | 511 | | | A1 | | 2004 | 0513 | | CA 2 | 003- | 2504 | 511 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| AU | 2003 | 2786 | 00 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0525 | - 1 | AU 2 | 003- | 2786 | 00 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| JP | 2004 | 1687 | 68 | | A | | 2004 | 0617 | | JP 2 | 003- | 3698 | 75 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| EP | 1556 | 032 | | | A1 | | 2005 | 0727 | | EP 2 | 003- | 7700 | 06 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES. | FR, | GB, | GR, | IT, | LI. | LU, | ŇL, | SE, | MC. | PT. | | |
| | | IE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, | RO, | MK, | CY, | AL, | TR, | BG, | CZ. | EB. | HU, | SK | | | |
| BR | 2003 | 0158 | 15 | | A | | 2005 | 0913 | | BR 2 | 003- | 1581 | 5 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| CN | 1731 | 994 | | | A | | 2006 | 0208 | | CN 2 | 003- | 8010 | 7647 | | 2 | 0031 | 030 | | |
| US | 2006 | 0040 | | | | | 2006 | 0105 | , | US 2 | 005- | 5326 | 67 | | 2 | 0050 | 427 | | |
| NO | 2005 | 0026 | 26 | | A | | 2005 | 0701 | | NO 2 | 005- | 2626 | | | 2 | 0050 | 531 | | |
| IN | 2005 | KN01 | 041 | | A | | 2006 | 0609 | | IN 2 | 005- | KN10 | 41 | | 2 | 0050 | 601 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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689249-47-6F, 2-[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-emoyl aminol benzyl]-1,3-thiezole-4-earboxylic acid 689249-49-8F, [4-{[(2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-emoyl aminol phenyl]acetic acid 689249-51-2P, [4-[(-2-hydrazino-2-oxoethyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-56-1P, [4-(2-hydrazino-2-oxoethyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-56-1P, [4-(-2-hydrazino-2-oxoethyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-56-1P, [4-(-2-hydrazino-2-oxoethyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-85-4-Yl]-N-[4-(-2-hydrazino-2-oxoethyl)phenyl]-1-propenamide 689249-85-4P, Ett-Butyl [4-[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl aminol benzyl [carbamate 689239-95-4P, Rthyl 4-[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl aminol benzont 699250-23-5P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl aminol benzont 699250-23-P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl aminol phenyl]-2-propenamide 689250-67-3P, 3-[4-[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl aminol phenyl]-2-hydroxypropionate 689250-67-3P, 3-[4-([(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]minolphenyl]-2-hydroxypropionic acid 689250-62-4P GB9251-46-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP [Preparation); RACT (Reectant or reagent); USRS (Uses) (neuroprotectant; preparation of acrylamides, in particular pyracolylacrylamides, as production/secretion promoters of neurotrophic factors, especially glial-derived GDNF)

Garbonothioic acid, S-(4-[[(2E)-2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyracol-4-yyl]-1-o-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl] O-(phenylmethyl) ester (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-54-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[(4-propyl-4H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)methyl]thio]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-25-0 HCAPLUS
Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[{(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-42-1 HCAPLUS
4-Thiazolecarboxylic acid, 2-{[4-{[(2E}-3-{5-(4-{luoropheny1})-1-methy1-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-1-oxo-2-propeny1]amino}pheny1]methyl}-, ethyl ester (9C1)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-47-6 HCAPLUS
4-Thiasolecarboxylic acid, 2-[[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluoropheny1)-1-methy1-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-1-oxo-2-propeny1]amino}pheny1]methy1]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-85-2 HCAPLUS
Carbamic acid, [4-{[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-95-4 HCAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4-[{{2E}-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl})-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-23-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-(methylthio)methyl]phenyl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Double bond geometry as shown

689249-49-8 HCAPLUS

Senzeneacetic acid, 4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-51-2 HCAPLUS
Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[{(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-, hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

699249-68-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propensend 3-15-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-, (2B)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Double bond geometry as shown.

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Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-46-2 RCAPLUS Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[((2E)-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]- α -hydroxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA 1NDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-47-3 HCAPLUS
Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[[(2E)-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-lH-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-α-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-48-4 HCAPLUS

689247-97-09, Dimethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689247-99-17, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 889247-99-29, (2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(3-oxide-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-2-yl)methyl]phosphonate 889247-99-29, (2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-03-19, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-03-29, Dimethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-03-29, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-03-39, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-13-19, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-13-39, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-13-39, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-13-79, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 687248-20-27, (2E)-N-[4-[(5,5-Dimethyl-2-oxide-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-2-yl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-23-59, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-23-59, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-23-59, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]prop-2-enoyl]aminolphenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-23-59, Diethyl [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1-methyl-1-methyl-1-methy

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yl)methoxy|phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-09-0P, (2B)-N-(4-[1/2-Rthyl-1, 3-thiazol-4-yl)methoxy|phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-10-4P, (2B)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-8-[4-[(1.3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methoxy|phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(4-methyl-1,3-oxazol-2-yl)methyl)phenyl]-1-propenamide 689249-12-5P, (2B)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-((4-methyl-1,3-oxazol-2-yl)methyl)phenyl]-2-propenamide 689249-12-5P, (2B)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-((5-methyl-1,3-oxazol-2-yl)methyl)phenyl]-1-propenamide 689249-13-6P, (2B)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-13-6P, (2B)-N-[4-((4-Rthyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2B)-N-[6-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2B)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-15-8P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-propenamide 689249-19-2P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-propenamide 689249-19-2P, (2B)-N-(4-(1-Esthyl-1-H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-propenamide 689249-19-2P, (2B)-N-(4-(1-Esthyl-1-H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-propenamide 689249-2-2-PP, (2B)-N-(4-(1-Esthyl-1-M-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-methyl-1

[2-[4-[1(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyllethyl]phesphonate 689248-33-31, Diethyl [4-[(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]-3-methylbenzyl]phosphonate 689248-30-81, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-31-89, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(1-benzyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-31-89, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(1-ethyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-33-49, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(1-ethyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-33-49, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-33-49, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-33-49, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl]phosphonate 689248-33-49, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl](methyl)phosphonate 689248-33-69, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl](methyl)phosphonate 689248-5-69, (28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]prop-2-enoylamino]phenyl]methyl](methyl)phosphonate 689248-5-69, (28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-M-[4-[(20)xide-4,7-dishydro-1,2-dioxaphosphepin-2-yl)methyl]phonyll-2-propensaide 689248-55-89, (28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-M-[4-[(20)xide-4,7-dishydro-1,2-dioxaphosphepin-2-yl)methyl]phonyll-2-propensaide 689248-55-89, (28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-M-[4-[(20)xide-4,7-dishydroxy)(6-methyl)phosphonate 689248-56-89, Diethyl [[4-[(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-py

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669749-39-6F, (28)-N-(4-[(4,5-Dimethyl-1,3-thiazol-2-y1)nethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-46-9P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-8-[4-(4,5,6,7-terhalydro-1,3-benzothiazol-2-y1)nethyl]phenyl]-3-propenanide 689249-41-0P, (28)-M-(4-(4-Rthyl-1,3-thiazol-2-y1)nethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-41-0P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-43-2P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-(4-(4-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2-y1)methyl]phenyl]-2-propenanide 689249-43-2P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-(4-(1,3-thiazol-2-y1)methyl]phenyl]-2-propenanide 689249-43-4P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-(4-(1,3-thiazol-2-y1)methyl]phenyl]-2-propenanide 689249-45-4P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-(4-(1,3-thiazol-2-y1)methyl]phenyl]-2-propenanide 689249-45-5P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-(4-(5-Rthyl-1)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-50-3P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-50-3P, (28)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-50-50-P, (28)-3-[6-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-propenanide 689249-
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689249-02-9F, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-(2-hydroxyethyl)phenyl)-2-propensmide 689249-53-07, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-yl)-N-(3-(1-hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-2-propensmide 689249-86-81-P, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-(5-6-1)-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-(5-6-1)-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-2-propensmide 69249-87-4P, (2E)-N-(4-(5-6-1)-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-2-propensmide 89249-83-89, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-2-propensmide 89249-83-89, (2E)-3-[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1R-pyrasol-4-yl]-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(4-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-yl)-N-(1-(1)-n-1R-pyrasol-4-y
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factors, especially glial-derived GDNP)
689247-97-0 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME

689247-98-1 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]smino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown

689247-99-2 HCAPLUS

2-Propenside, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxephosphorinan-2-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

(neuroprotectant; preparation of acrylamides, in particular pyrazolylacrylamides, as production/secretion promoters of neurotrophic

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689248-02-0 HCAPLUS

Phosphonic acid, [[4-{[(2E)-3-[5-(3-chlorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-03-1 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic scid. [[4-[[(ZE)-3-[5-(3-chloropheny1)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yll]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]mminolphenyllmethyl]-, diethyl ester [9CI) (CA IMDEX

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-04-2 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyxezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689248-05-3 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(28)-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-10-0 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid. [{4-{[(28)-3-[5-{2-fluorophenyl}]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-xxx-2-propenyl}amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAMS)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-11-1 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-{5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]mminolphenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester [9Cl] (CA INDEX

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689248-16-6 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(28)-3-[5-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-ozo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-17-7 RCAPLUS Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(28)-3-[5-[3-fluorophenyi]-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyi]amino]phenyi]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-20-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[[5,5-dimethyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinan-2-yl]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)-[9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-12-2 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-{[(2E)-3-{5-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl|amino|phenyl|methyl|-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-13-3 HCAPLUS Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]emino)phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689248-21-3 RCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[3-[[(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDI
NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-23-5 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[2-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-25-7 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[2E]-3-[5-[4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y]]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

669248-27-9 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [4-{[(2E)-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl}-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-28-0 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [2-[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-[luorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]ethyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-29-1 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-.

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689248-32-6 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[1-ethyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-0xo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-34-8 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[1-ethyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-36-0 HCAPLUS

Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-3-methylphenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-30-4 HCAPLUS Phosphonic acid, [{4-{{{25}-3-{5-(4-fluoropheny1)-1-(phenylmethy1)-1H-pyraz01-4-y1}-1-xo-2-propeny1}amino]pheny1}methy1]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-31-5 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[[2E]-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-(phenylmethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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669248-38-2 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester [9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-48-4 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [2-[4-[{(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]-1-methoxyethyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX RAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-49-5 RCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[{2E}]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]hydroxymethyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-50-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-[(4,7-dihydro-4,7-dihydro-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphepin-2-yllmethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-52-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-(hydroxy-2-pyridinylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689248-58-6 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(28]-3-[3-[4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-70-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(2,4-dioxo-5-thiazolidinyl)methyl]phenyl)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

669248-89-3 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-oxo-2-butenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689248-53-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[hydroxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-55-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[(4-propyl-4H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)methyl]sulfinyl[phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-56-4 HCAPLUS 2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[(4-prop)-4H-1,24-triazol-3-yl)methyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689248-93-9 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, [[4-[[(2Z)-3-[5-[4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, diethyl ester [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-94-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-[[(1-propyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methyl]thio]phenyl]-, (2E)- [9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689248-95-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-[(2,4-dioxo-5-oxesolidinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrasol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-01-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(5-propyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

uble bond geometry as shown.

689249-02-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1,3,4-oxadiszol-2-yl]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

uble bond geometry as shown.

689249-03-4 HCAPLUS

GSZ479-03-4 NAMES A. [5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-07-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-[2-(4-thiozolyl)ethyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-08-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-N-[4-(4-thiazolylmethoxy)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-09-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-{4-{(2-ethyl-4-thiazolyl)methoxy|phenyl}-3-{5-{4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-04-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[2-(5-ethyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)ethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-05-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[2-(1,3,4-oxediazol-2-yl)ethyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9EI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-06-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[2-(2-ethyl-4-thiazolyl)ethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-10-3 HCAPLUS

-2-Propenamide, J-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-ylmethoxy)phenyl]-, (2E)- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-11-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide. 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(4-methyl-2-0xazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-. (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-12-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrmzol-4-yl]-N-[4-(2-pyridinylmethyl)phenyl}-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-13-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4-{(5-methyl-1,3,4-oxediazol-2-yl)methoxylphenyl}-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-14-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(4-ethyl-2-oxazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-15-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(2-ethyl-4-thiazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- [9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-19-2 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(1-ethyl-1H-tetrazol-5-y1)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-[4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDSX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-20-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-21-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-16-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

669249-17-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

669249-16-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689349-22-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-6-benzoxasolyl)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)1-methyl-3H-pyraxol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX RAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-23-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(2-benzoxazolylmethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-24-9 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-{4-{1H-benzimidezol-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-3-{5-{4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-26-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(3-methyl-2,4-dioxo-5-thiazolidinyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

669249-27-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-[(3-ethyl-2,4-dioxo-5-thiazolidinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-28-3 HCAPLUS
Phosphonic acid, {[4-[[(2E)-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl)methyl}-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-32-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[6-[{5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-33-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(acetylmethylamino)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-34-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(5-ethyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrasol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-29-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[2-(4-ethyl-2-thiazolyl)ethyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

669249-30-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-31-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxybutyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-35-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenanide, N-{a-{(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-y1)methyl]phenyl}-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1}-, (2E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-36-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenanide, N-{4-[(4-ethyl-4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1,3,4-oxadiszol-2-y]lmethyl]phenyl|-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-, (28)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-37-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-15-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-(2-oxopropyl)phenyl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-38-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-2-oxo-6-benzoxazolyl)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDSX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-39-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(4,5-dimethyl-2-thiazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-40-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(4.5,6,7-tetrahydro-2-benzothiazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-45-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-46-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[2-(2-thiazolyl)ethyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-48-7 HCAPLUS
4-Thiazolecarboxamide, 2-{[4-[[(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]- (9CI INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-41-0 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(4-ethyl-2-thiazolyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

669249-43-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrmzol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(4-methyl-2-thiezolyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-50-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-[[5-ethyl-1,3,4-oxadiezol-2-yl)methyl]phonyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-lH-pyrezol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

669249-52-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-53-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hpyrezol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-54-5 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-[4-fluoropheny]]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[(1-oxopropyl)amino]methyl]phenyl]-, (28)- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

nd geometry as shown.

689249-55-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-56-7 HCAPLUS

Substantial Ref[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1
oxc-2-propenyl]mmino]phenyl]methyl]- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-59-0 HCAPLUS

689289-59-0 HCAPLUS
Benzeneactamide, 4-[{(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]1-0x0-2-propenyl}amino]-N.N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-60-3 HCAPLUS
Benzeneacetamide, N.N-diethyl-4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-70-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[42,4-dioxo-3-thiazolidinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-57-8 HCAPLUS
Butanamide, N-[{4-([(28)-3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-ptopenyl]amino[phenyl]methyl]-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-58-9 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, N-[[4-[[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-71-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(2,4-dioxo-3-oxazolidiny1)methy1]pheny1]-3-[5-(4-fluoropheny1)-1-methy1-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

\$89249-72-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-[[2,5-dioxo-1-imidazolidinyl]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-73-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(2,6-dioxo-1-piperidinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-74-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-75-0 HCAPLUS
Benzeneacetamide, 4-[[(28)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ouble bond geometry as shown.

689249-76-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-pyrazol-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-80-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-(4-acetylphenyl)-1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-81-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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Double bond geometry as shown.

669249-77-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1R-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[[2-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-76-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-79-4 HCAPLUS

IH-1,2,4-Triezole-5-carboxylic acid, 1-[{4-{[(2E)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]-, methyl eater (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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669249-82-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(2-hydroxyethyl)phenyl]-, '(2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-83-0 HCAPLUS 2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-methylphenyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-84-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[3-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-86-3 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(4-ethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-87-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)methyl]phenyl]-1[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-88-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-{(2-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)methyl]phenyl}-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689249-92-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(1H-benzotriazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-93-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, J-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(2H-indezol-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-94-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-[4-(2H-benzotriazol-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-89-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-(hydroxyphenylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-90-9 HCAPLUS 2-Propenamide, 3-15-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-(phenylmethyl)phenyl]-, (ZE)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-91-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-indazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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689249-96-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689249-97-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-98-7 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, 4-[(12E)-1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyllaminol- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689249-99-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl]-, (28)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

699350-00-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-(1H-benzimidazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-01-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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2-Propenamide, N-[4-{(acetylamino}methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-05-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-[4-fluorophenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(2-methyl-1H-imidezol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-07-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(4-morpholinylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-02-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]phenyl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-03-1 HCAPLUS
Butanoic acid, 4-{[[4-{[(2E)-3-{5-{4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yyl]-1-xoz-2-propenyl]amino]phenyl]methyl]amino]-4-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

689250-04-2 HCAPLUS

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689250-08-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4-{1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl}-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-09-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-10-0 HCAPLUS .
2-Propenanide 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl]phenyl]-, (ZE)- (9CI) (CA IMDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-25-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(ethylthio)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-26-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- {9CI} (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-27-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4[(phenylthio)methyl]phenyl]-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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669250-31-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(ethylsulfinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-32-6 HCAPLUS 2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(methylsulfinyl)phenyl)-, (28)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-33-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)sulfinyl]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689250-28-0 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-ylthio)methyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-29-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-{[(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)thio}methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

669250-30-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(methylsulfinyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAMS)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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US 10/532667

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-34-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(phenylsulfinyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-35-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(1-methyl-1H-tetrezol-5-yl)sulfinyl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAMS)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-16-0 RCAPLUS 2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-ylaulfinyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689250-37-1 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

669250-38-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(ethylsulfonyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyraxol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-39-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(1,1-dimethyl-thyl)aulfonyl]methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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689250-49-5 HCAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[{(2E)-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689282-97-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(5-methyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinan-2-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, [2E]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689282-98-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenanide, N-{4-{4,6-dimethyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinan-2-yl)methyl]phenyl}-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E}-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown

US 10/532667

689250-40-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(phenylsulfonyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ible bond geometry as shown.

689250-41-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenanide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4-{{(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl}eulfonyl}methyl]phenyl}-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689350-42-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-ylaulfonyl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

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US 10/532667

669282-99-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenanide, N-{4-{(5-butyl-5-ethyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinan-2-yl)methyl]phenyl]-3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2B)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L8 ANSWER J OF J HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:846470 HCAPLUS Pull-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:353878
Functionally Substituted 3-Heterylpyrazoles: XI.
3-[3-Aryl(heteryl)pyrazol-4-yl]propenoic and Propanoic

acids
Bratenko, M. K.; Chornous, V. A.; Vovk, M. V.
Bukovina State Medical Academy, Chernovtsy, 58000, AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Bukovina State Medical Adaptemy, Cheminorcey, Ukraine
Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation of
Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (2002), 38(8), 1171-1177
CODEN: RAOCEO: ISSN: 1070-4280
MAIK Nauks/Interperiodica Publishing

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English OTHER SOURCE(S):

SOURCE:

CASREACT 138:353878 RESURCE(6): CARREACT 13:353878
Condensation of 3-aryl (heteryl)-4-formylpyrazoles with malonic acid gives 3-[3-aryl(heteryl)- pyrazol-4-yl]propenoic acids that in the presence of Raney nickel are reduced by hydrazine hydrate to 3-[3-aryl(heteryl)pyrazol-4-yl]propenoic acids. The successive conversion of both type acids into the corresponding acyl chlorides, esters, and amides was performed.
5):0137-04-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of substituted aryl(heteryl)pyrazolypropenoic and propanoic acids via condensation of arylheterylformylpyrazoles with malonic acid followed by Raney reduction and conversions to acyl, ester, and amide deriva.)

Page 76 of 110

669250-11-1 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(2H-1,2,3-triazol-2-ylmethyl)phenyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689320-12-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenemide, 3-[8-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyll-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-13-3 HCAPLUS

30723-13-3 ACREMA 2-Propenamide, 3-{5-{4-fluorophenyl}-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4-{2H-tetrazol-2-ylmethyl}phenyl}-, {2E}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Page 65 of 110

US 10/532667

689250-17-7 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-(5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl]-N-[4-[(4-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-18-8 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-[4-[4,1-dioxido-4-thiomorpholinyl)methyl]phenyl]-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689250-19-9 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(methylbio)phenyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 67 of 110

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-14-4 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-(1H-tetrazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl}-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-15-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-15-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-{4-{{2-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

689250-16-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-[{5-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Page 66 of 110

US 10/532667

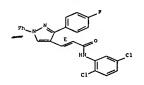
689250-20-2 HCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, N-(4-benzoylphenyl)-3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hpyrezol-4-yll-, (2E)- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

669250-21-3 RCAPLUS
2-Propenamide, 3-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-{4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl}-, (2B)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

689250-24-6 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, 3-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[4-(methoxymethyl)phenyl]-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

519137-64-5 HCAPLUS
2-Propensmide, N-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-, (2E)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.





102?

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L5 750 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
L6 STR

Page 77 of 110

US 10/532667

[(phenylamino)carbonyl]ethenyl]-4-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

S54433-35-1 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, N-[2-(8-hydroxy-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrezol-4-yl)-1-[[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]cerbonyl]ethenyl]-4-methoxyphenyl)amino]cerbonyl]ethenyl]-4-methoxy- [9CI) (CA INDEX NAMS)

554433-36-2 RCAPLUS
Benzamide, N-[1-[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(5-hydroxy-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)athenyl]-4-methoxy- (9CI) (CX INDEX NAMS)

US 10/532667

VPA 23-2/3/4 U NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEPAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

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L11 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:128694 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 19:85275
TITLE: Synthesis and reactions of 4-pyraxolyl-methylene
azalactone derivatives
Bessif, Salem Ahmet
AUTHOR(S): Bessif, Salem Ahmet
AUTHOR(S): Chemietry Department, Faculty of Science King Abdul
Asiz University, Jeddeh, 21599, Saudi Arable
Journal of Saudi Chemical Society (2002), 6(3),
455-490
CODEN: JECSFO; ISSN: 1319-610
PUBLISHER: Saudi Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPR: Journal
LANDUAGE: Beglish
OTHER SOURCE(8): CASREACT 19:65275
CASREACT 19:65275
AB 4-Formyl-1-pyraxolin-5-ones were condensed with hippuric acid derivs, to give
the corresponding pyrexolylmethylene azalactones which were reacted with
Orignard reagents to give the corresponding texticary alec. Aminolysis of
oxazolones with aromatic amines in boiling ethanol yielded acrylamides.
Structural assignments of the new products were based on elemental snal. and
IR, PMR spectral data.

IT 554433-34-0P 554433-36-4P 554433-38-5P
RI: SPN (Synthesis and reactions of pyrazolylmethylene azalactone derivs.)
RN 554433-34-0 HCAPLUS
RN 554433-34-0 HCAPLUS

PAGE 78 of 110

Page 78 of 110

US 10/532667

554433-37-3 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, 4-chloro-N-{2-{5-hydroxy-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-1-{(phenylamino)carbonyl}ethenyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

554433-36-4 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, 4-chloro-N-[2-(5-hydroxy-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-[{(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

554433-39-5 HCAPLUS

Benzamide, 4-chloro-N-[1-[{(4-chlorophenyl)amino}carbonyl]-2-(5-hydroxy-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 3 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITUE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN i984:34460 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> 100:34460 Synthesis of 3-methyl-1-phenyl- and

1,3-diphenyl-5-oxo-A2-pyrazoline-4-methylene derivatives

AUTHOR (S) : Hassan, M. A.; Pouli, F. A.; El-Nagdy, S.; Badran, A.

SOURCE:

R. Fac. Sci., Ain Shams Univ., Cairo, Egypt Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organiz Chemistry (1983), 228(7), 637-9 CODEN: 1358DB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Page 81 of 110

US 10/532667

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:403824 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:3824

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:403624 RCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 31:3842

DOCUMENT TYPE: Surker: Corner to Corner to

(preparation of)
53127-69-2 HCAPUUS
Benzamide, N-[2-(1,2-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

-> -> d stat que L1 STR

US 10/532667

OTHER SOURCE(S):

English CASREACT 100:34460

Condensation of 4-formyl-5-pyrazolones (I, R = Me, Ph, X = O) with Bt glycinate gave I (X = NCH2COZE) which on treatment with amines or aldehydee gave I (X = NCH2CONHRI, NC(COZE):CHR2; R1 = NH2, NNPh, CH2Ph, 4-Mec6644, 4-Mec6644; R2 = substituted Phj. I (X = O) also underwent condensation with hippuric acid to give azlactones which reacted with NaOH, amine, and Origner reagents to give I (X = 5-oxo-2-phenyl-2-oxazolin-4-ylidene, C(NHBz)CONHRI, C(NHBz)COZH, C(NHBz)CMB2OZH, C(NHBZ); H, CPh2OH].

83237-55-47 e3237-56-4P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

ΙT

(preparation of)
88327-54-2 HCAPUS
88327-54-2 HCAPUS
88028-64-0 N-[2-(4.5-dihydro-5-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-[[(4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

88327-56-4 HCAPLUS
Benzamide, N-{2-(4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1.3-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-{[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino}carbonyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 82 of 110

US 10/532667

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L5 750 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
L6 STR

VPA 23-2/3/4 U NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

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507 SEA PILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON ("SAKAI NOZOMI"/AU OR "SAKAI NOZOMU"/AU) OR SAKAI N/AU
284 SEA PILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON "MAEKAMA TSUYOSHI"/AU OR
MAEKAMA T/AU
284 SEA PILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON "MAEKAMA TSUYOSHI"/AU OR
L13
L14
L15
```

-> d ibib abs hitstr 128 1-28

L28 ANSWR 1 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
Differential effects of prenatal stress on the morphological maturation of hippocampal neurons
AUTHOR(S):
Fujioka, A.; Fujioka, T.; Ishida, Y.; Mackawe, T.; Nakamura, S.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Department of Emergency and Critical Care Medicine, Yamaguchi University School of Medicine, Ube, Yamaguchi, 755-8505, Japan
SOURCE:
BUBLISHER:
BUBLISHER:
BLESSIER
SOURCE:
BUBLISHER:
BLESSIER
BUBLISHER:
BLESSIER
BUBLISHER:
BUB

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE; AB The --English

GENT TYPE: Journal MAGE: English
The present study was designed to clerify an intensity-dependent effect of prenateal stress on the morphol, development of hippocampal neurons in rats. In addition, the involvement of receptors for glucocorticoids, i.e. mineralocorticoid receptors and glucocorticoid receptors, in stress-induced changes in the morphol. of hippocampal neurons was examined by an in vitro pharmacol, approach. The effects of mild prenatal stress on neurogenesis and long-term potentiation in the hippocampus were also investigated in adult offspring. Prenatal stress affected the morphol, development of the hippocampus in an intensity-dependent manner. Short-lasting, mild prenatal stress enhanced neonatal neurogenesis and differentiation of processes of hippocampal neurons, whereas long-lasting, severe stress impaired their morphol. Mineralocorticoid receptor was found to mediate enhancement of neurogenesis and differentiation of processes of cultured hippocampal neurons. In contrast, glucocorticoid receptor was involved in the suppression of their morphol. Short-lasting, mild prenatal stress, which has previously been shown to enhance learning performance in adult offspring, facilitated neurogenesis and long-term potentiation in the adult hippocampus. These findings suggest that prenatal stress has enhancing and suppressing effects on the development of hippocampal neurons depending on intensity, and that mineralocorticoid receptors and glucocorticoid receptors contribute to stress-induced morphol, changes.

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which may be further substituted; W represents a C1-20 divalent saturated hydrocarbon group; and R2 represents OR8 or NR9R10; R8 represents H, optionally substituted hydrocarbon group; R9 and R10 each represents H, optionally substituted hydrocarbon group, optionally substituted heterocyclic ring, etc.; provisos are given| are prepared Thus, (2-(2-(4-propy)-3-(quinolin-2-ylmethoxy)-1H-pyrazol-1-y|letnoxy|pheny|lacetic acid 1/2 calcium salt was prepared in 2 steps from 2-(4-propy)-3-(quinolin-2-ylmethoxy)-1H-pyrazol-1-y|lethonol and (2-hydroxypheny)lacetic acid Me eater. Compds. of this invention at 0.005% in feed for diabetic mice decreased blood glucose by 44% to 64%. Pormulations are given.

REFERENCE COUNT: 120 THERE ARE 120 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252494 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:287404
TITUE: Preparation of five-membered het

140:287404
Preparation of five-membered heterocyclic compounds
for treatment of obesity, diabetes, hyperlipidemia,

INVENTOR (S)

for treatment of obesity, diabetes, hyperligetc.

Momcee, Yu; Takakura, Nobuyuki;

Maukawa, Tsuyoshi; Odaka, Hiroyuki; Kimura,

Hiroyuki

Takada Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 442 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 PATENT ASSIGNEE (8):

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:287404

Page 87 of 110

US 10/532667

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSMER 2 OF 29
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
115:27963
Preparation of arylalkanoic acid derivatives for treatment of diabetes, hyperlipidenie, etc.
Mackawa, Tsuyoshi: Ujikawa, Osamu; Abe, Hidenori; Nomura, Izumi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(8):
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

HIDENT ASSIGNEE (8):
PIXXD2
POCUMENT TYPE:
PATENT ASSIGNEE (9):
PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PATE | NT | NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | | APPL | ICAT | ION | NO. | | D. | ATE | |
|-----|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| | WO 2 | 006 | 0574 | 48 | | A1 | | 2006 | 0601 | | WO 2 | 005- | JP22 | 132 | | 2 | 0051 | 125 |
| | | ₩; | AE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | AZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, |
| | | | CN, | co, | CR, | Cυ, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ. | BC, | EE, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, |
| | | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL. | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KM, | KN, | KP, | KR. |
| | | | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | LY, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, |
| | | | MZ, | NA. | NG, | NI, | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PG, | PH, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, |
| | | | SG, | SK, | SL, | SM, | SY, | TJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ. | UA, | UG, | US, | UZ, | VC. |
| | | | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | RW: | AT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ. | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR. | Hυ, | IE, |
| | | | IS, | IT, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MC, | NL, | PL, | PT, | RO, | SE, | SI, | sĸ, | TR. | BF, | ВJ, |
| | | | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG. | BW, | GH, |
| | | | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | NA, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, |
| | | | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | |
| IOR | ITY | APP | LN. | INPO | . 1 | | | | | | JP 2 | 004- | 3426 | 35 | | A 2 | 0041 | 126 |

OTHER SOURCE (S): MARPAT 145:27983

The title compds. I [wherein Ar represents an optionally substituted aromatic ring; Xs. Xc. Ys., Yc. Zl., and Z2 each represents a bond, O, S. CO, CS, etc.; Xb and Yb each represents a bond or a C1-20 divalent hydrocarbon group; Ri represents an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group; ring A represents an aromatic ring (other than benzimidazole) which may be further substituted n is an integer of 1-8; ring B represents an aromatic ring (other than oxazole)

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US 10/532667
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The title compds. I [R1 is a group derived from an optionally substituted five-membered heterocycls; X, Y and V are each independently oxygen, sulfur, or the like; Q is a divalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms; A is an aromatic ring which may have one to three addni. substituents; Z is (CM2)nZl or Z1(CM2)n (wherein n is an integer of 0 to 8 and Z1 is oxygen, sulfur, or the like); B is a nitrogenous heterocycle which may have one to three addnl. substituents; W is a bond or a divelent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms; and R2 is hydrogen, cyano, PO(ORS) (ORIO) (wherein R9 and R10 are each independently hydrogen or optionally substituted hydrocarbyl, or R9 and R10 may be united to form an optionally substituted tring), or the like; are prepared In a binding assay for the human PPAR y receptors, compds. Of are prepared. In a binding assay for the human PPAR 71 receptors , compds this invention showed IC50 values of 7.4 nM to 7300 nM. Formulations are

given. REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:951003 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:16723

140:16723 Preparation of 1,2-azole derivatives with hypoglycemic reparation of I,--scote derivatives with hypoglycemic and hypolipidemic activity Mackawa, Teuyoshi; Hara, Ryoma; Odaka, Hiroyuki; Kimura, Hiroyuki; Mizufune, Hideya; Pukatsu, Kohji INVENTOR (S):

Kohji Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan; Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited PCT Int. Appl., 564 pp. CODEN: PIXKD2 PATENT ASSIGNER(S) .

SOURCE .

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

| PAT | TENT | NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | | APPL | ICAT | ION | NO. | | D. | ATE | |
|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HO | 2003 | 0997 | 93 | | A1 | | 2003 | 1204 | | WO 2 | 003- | JP63 | 89 | | 2 | 0030 | 522 |
| 40 | 2003 | 10997 | 93 | | Aa | | 2004 | 1229 | | | | | | | | | |
| WO | 2003 | 0997 | 93 | | A9 | | 2005 | 0210 | | | | | | | | | |
| | W: | AF | N/G | B.T. | | | | AZ, | | 22 | ВО. | 90 | av | D7 | Ch | CV | CN |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | DM, | | | | | | | | | |
| | | GM, | HR, | Hυ, | ID, | IL, | IN, | 18, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, |
| | | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NI, | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PH. |
| | | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | BC, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SK, | SL, | TJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT. | TZ. |
| | | UA, | UG, | US, | UZ, | VC, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW | | | | | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL. | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ. | BY. |
| | | | | | | | | AT, | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | IT, | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | GA, | | | | | | | | | |
| CA | 2467 | 315 | | | A1 | | 2003 | 1204 | | CA 2 | 003- | 2487 | 315 | | 2 | 0030 | 522 |
| AU | 2003 | 2411 | 73 | | A1 | | 2003 | 1212 | | AU 2 | 003- | 2411 | 73 | | 2 | 0030 | 522 |
| JP | 2004 | 2773 | 97 | | A | | 2004 | 1007 | | JP 2 | 003- | 1449 | 84 | | 2 | 0030 | 522 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

OTHER SOURCE (S):

1,2-Azole derivs. A-B-Xa-Ya-Xb-Yb-C-Xc-Yc-C(:0)-R (I; e.g. II) wherein ring A optionally has 1-3 substituents; ring B is a 1,2-azole ring which may further have 1 to 3 substituents; Xa, Xb and Xc are the same or different and each have 1 to 3 substituents; Xa, Xb and Xc are the same or different and each is a bond, -0-, -8- and the like; Ya is a divalent eliphatic hydrocarbon residue having 1-30 C atoms; Yb and Yc are the same or different and each is a bond or a divalent eliphatic hydrocarbon residue having 1-20 C stoms; ring C is a monocyclic eromatic ring which may further have 1 to 3 substituents; and R - - OR4 (R4 is H atom or (un) substituted hydrocarbon group) and the like, or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof is useful as an agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of diabetes and the like. Hypoglycemic and hypolipidemic actions in mice are tabulated for about 50 examples of I; e.g. a 53 * rate of decrease in blood glucose level in the presence of 0.005 * [2-[3-[3-isopropyl-1-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridnyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpropoxyl-3-methylphenyl]acetic acid and a 77 * rate of decrease in blood triglyceride level in the presence of 0.005 * 2-methyl-2-[4-[3-methyl-1-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yllmenylphenoxylpropionic acid when the level (glucose or triglyceride) of the non-treated group is taken as 100 * Plasma anti-arterioselerous index-enhancing action in mice is tabulated for 34 examples of I, e.g. 25 * for [3-methoxy-2-[3-[3-propyl-1-[5- (trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridnyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpropoxyl-3-methylphenyl]-2-pyridnyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpropoxyl-3-methylphenyl]acetic acid. Nearly 400 example prepns. of i and 351 example prepns. of intermediates are included. For example, (4-[3-[3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)]-pyradinyl]-15- isoxazolyl]propoxyl-3-methylphenyl]acetic acid. Nearly 400 example prepns. of i and 351 example prepns. of intermediates are included. For example, (4-[3-[3-[4-(trifluoromethyl])-phenyl]-5-isoxazolyl]propoxyl-phenyl]acetic acid was obtained in 25 * yield from a mixture o

Page 89 of 110

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, SC, SE, SS, F1, GB, GD, GR, GM, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, 1S, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LU, MA, MD, MG, MK, NN, MM, AM, K2, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: GM, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, ND, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, F1, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BP, BJ, CP, CG, CT, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SM, TD, TG

AU 2003211365 Al 2003111 JP 2003-20226 20030227

BP 1486490 Al 2003111 JP 2003-50226 20030227

EP 1486490 Al 2003111 JP 2003-50236 20030227

ER AT, BE, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GH, TI, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, LE, SI, LT, LV, FI, SO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK US 20050534 Al 20050428 US 2004-505742 20040625

EP RIORITY APPLM. INFO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        JP 2002-53933
WO 2003-JP2217
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     A 20020228
W 20030227
    OTHER SOURCE(S):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       MARPAT 139:230781
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The title compds. I [R1 is hydrogen, halogeno, an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group, an optionally substituted heterocyclic group, optionally substituted hydroxyl, optionally substituted manually substituted hydroxyl, optionally substituted cyclomanio, etc.; B is an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon group or prionally substituted heterocyclic group; X is oxygen, sulfur, or optionally substituted hitrogen; and Y is a bond or s divalent acyclic hydrocarbon groupl are prepared The bioactivity of compds. of this invention was demonstrated. Formulations are given.

given. REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 7 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 2003:551377 HCAPLUS Full-text

139:117427
Preparation of 3-(isoxazoly))propionic acid derivatives as neurotrophic factor production/secretion accelerator Hazams, Masatoshi; Iwakami, Norihisa; Miyazaki, Takeshi; Sakai, Norcmu; Mackawa, Touyoohi; Mcmose, Yu; Kawamura, Toru

INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNER(S): SOURCE:

TOTU
Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 282 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Page 91 of 110

US 10/532667

isoxazolyl]-1-Pr methanesulfonate, NaI, Me 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetate, K2CO3 and DMF; details of the preparation of the mesylate are also given. REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

2003:846988 HCAPLUS Full-text 140:298727

L28 ANSWER 5 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:846988 HCAPLUS Full-text 140:299727 Hypothermia attachment

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:299727

ITITE:

ROS generation following CO inhelation

AUTHOR(S):

Uemura, Koichi; Hoshino, Sumihasa; Uchida, Koji;

Teuruta, Ryosuke; Maskawa, Tnuyoshi;

Yoshida, Ken-ichi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Graduate School of Medicine, Department of Forensic Medicine, University of Tokyo, Sunkyo-ku, Tokyo,

113-0033, Japan

SOURCE:

Toxicology Letters (2003), 145(2), 101-106

COORN: TOLEDS; ISSN: 0378-4274

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

AB Carbon monoxide (CO) is the most popular cause of poisoning. The bilateral beasal ganglia lesion characterizes the delayed neuronal cell death (DCD). We demonstrated there were both apoptosis and necrosis in the cortex, basal ganglia and hippocampus in a case of human CO accident. To elucidate the mechanism of DCD after CO inhelation, histol. studies on the rat brain were conducted. Rate were ventilated with nitrous oxide (sham group), 104 O2 (hypoxia group) or 1005 ppm CO (CO group) for 30 min, while the pericranial temperature was controlled at either 12, 37, or 39* during CO inhalation. After reoxygenstion for 30 min, the rat brain were in the CO group than in the hypoxia group of min, the rat brain were in the CO group than in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia than in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia than in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The damage was alleviated in the hypoxia shan in the CO group. The REFERENCE AVAILABLE TO THE REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE TO THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 6 OF 29 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
2003:696876 HCAPLUS Full-text
139:230781
Preparation of azole compounds for prevention or
treatment of diabetic neuropathy
Sakai, Nozomu; Momana, Yu; Nursse,
Katsuhito; Hazama, Macatoshi
Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 307 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
Japanese
NT: 1

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2003072554 A1 20030904 WO 2003-JP2217 20030227

Page 90 of 110

US 10/532667

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

| PATENT | NO. | KIN | D DAT | E | APPL | ICATION | NO. | 1 | DATE |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|---------|----------|-----|--------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| WO 2003 | 057215 | A1 | 200 | 30717 | WO 2 | 002-JP13 | 654 | | 20021226 |
| W: | AE, AG, | AL, AM, | AT, AU | , AZ. | BA. BB. | BG, BR, | BY. | BZ. CA | . CH. CN. |
| | | | | | | | | | GE, GH, |
| | GM, HR, | HU, ID, | IL. IN | . IS. | JP. KE. | KG. KR. | KZ. | LC. LK | . LR. LS. |
| | | | | | | | | | PH. PL. |
| | PT, RO, | RU, SC, | SD, SE | , SG, | SK, SL, | TJ, TM, | TN, | TR, TT | TZ, UA, |
| | UG, US, | UZ, VC, | VN, YU | , ZA, | ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, | KE, LS, | MW, MZ | , SD, | SL, SZ, | TZ, UG, | ZM, | ZW, AM | , AZ, BY, |
| | KG, KZ, | MD, RU, | TJ, TM | , AT, | BE. BG. | CH, CY, | CZ, | DE. DK | . EE. ES. |
| | | | | | | | | | , BF, BJ, |
| | CF, CG, | CI, CM, | GA, GN | , gg, | GW, ML. | MR, NE. | SN. | TD. TG | |
| AU 2002 | 367426 | A1 | 200 | 30724 | AU 2 | 002-3674 | 26 | | 20021226 |
| JP 2003: | 261545 | A | 200 | 30919 | JP 2 | 002-3756 | 98 | | 20021226 |
| PRIORITY APP | LN. INPO. | : | - | • | JP 2 | 001-4013 | 80 | Α : | 20011228 |
| | | | | | WO 2 | 002-JP13 | 654 | w : | 20021226 |
| OTHER SOURCE GI | (S): | MAR | PAT 139 | :1174 | | | | | |

AB The title compde. I [wherein R1 and R2 = independently H or (un)substituted cycly]; W = a bond or alkylene; Y = OR3; R3 * H. (un)substituted hydrocarby], heterocycly], or acyl, etc.] and salts and prodrugs thereof are prepared as neurotrophic factor production/secretion accelerator. For example, diet 4-aminobensylphosphonate was reacted with 3-(5-phenyl-4-isexazolyl)propionic acid (preparation given) in DMF in the presence of dehydrating resgents to afford the amide II (93%). II showed 49% pain feeling increase in rat.

Formulations containing I as an active ingredient were also described.

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 8 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:503022 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:332350

AUTHOR (S):

SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Synthesis and biological activity of novel TITLE:

Synthesis and biological activity of novel 5-(e-aryloxyalkyl)oxazole derivatives as brain-derived neurotrophic factor inducers Mackawa, Tsuyoshi; Sakei, Nozomu; Tawada, Miroyuki; Murae, Katsuhito; Hazama, Masatoshi; Sugiyama, Yasuo; Nomone, Yu Madicinal Chemietry Research Laboratories II, Pharmaceutical Research Division, Takeds Chemical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, 512-666, Japan Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (2003), 51(5),

Page 92 of 110

565-573 CODEN: CPBTAL: ISSN: 0009-2363 Pharmaceutical Society of Japan Journal English CASREACT 139:332350 PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

A novel series of 5-(@-aryloxyalkyl)oxazole derivs, was prepared and their effects on brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) production were evaluated in human neuroblearcma (Sk-N-SH) cells, Syntheses were performed by construction of an oxazole ring as a key reaction. Most of the 5-(@-aryloxyalkyl)oxazole derivs, markedly increased BDNF production in Sk-N-SH cells, 4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)-5-[3-(2-methoxyhenoxyl)propyl)-1,3-oxazole, one of the most promising compds., showed potent activity (ECSO-7.9 µM) and the improvement of the most promising compds., showed conduction velocity and the tell-flick response accompanied by a recovery of the brain-derived neurotrophic factor level in the sciatic nerve of streptozotocin (STZ)-disabetic rats.

RENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

ANSMER 9 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN SSION NUMBER: 2003:5954 HCAPLUS Pull-text MEENT NUMBER: 138:89796 E: Preparation of 4-(phenoxymethy) ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:89798
Preparation of 4-(phenoxymethyl)-5-methyloxazole
derivatives as antidiabetic agents
Momone, Yu; Nankawa, Tsuyoshi;
Odaka, Hiroyuki; Kimura, Hiroyuki
Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 99 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR (8) :

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PAT | ENT | NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | | APPL | ICAT | ION | NO. | | D | ATE | |
|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| | WO | 2003 | 0006 | 85 | | A1 | | 2003 | 0103 | | WO 2 | 002- | JP61 | 07 | | 2 | 0020 | 619 |
| | | w: | AE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU. | AZ. | BA. | BB. | BG. | BR. | BY. | BZ. | CA. | CH. | CN. |
| | | | co, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK. | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EB. | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GE, | GH, |
| | | | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN. | IS. | JP, | KE, | KG, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, |
| | | | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK. | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NO. | NZ, | OM, | PH. | PL. |
| | | | PT, | RO, | RU, | SD, | SE, | SG. | SI, | SK, | SL, | TJ, | TM, | TN, | TR. | TT. | TZ. | UA. |
| | | | UG, | US, | UZ, | VN, | YU, | ZA. | ZM, | ZW | | | | | | | | |
| | | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ. | SD. | SL. | SZ, | TZ. | UG. | ZM. | ZW. | AT. | BE. | CH. |
| | | | | | | | | FR, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | BF, | BJ, | CF, | CG. | CI. | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ. | GW, | ML, | MR. | NE. | SN. | TD. | TG |
| | ΑU | 2002 | 3157 | 87 | | A1 | | 2003 | 0108 | | AU 2 | 002- | 3157 | 87 | | 2 | 0020 | 619 |
| | JP | 2003 | 0733 | 77 | | A | | 2003 | 0312 | | JP 2 | 002- | 1788 | 51 | | 2 | 0020 | 619 |
| PRIC | RIT | APP | LN. | INFO | . : | | | | | | JP 2 | 001- | 1869 | 52 | | A 2 | 0010 | 620 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | WO 2 | 002- | JP61 | 07 | - 1 | W 2 | 0020 | 619 |
| OTHE | R 50 | URCE | (8): | | | MAR | PAT | 138: | 8979 | | | | | | | | | |

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

MARPAT 137:279197

Page 93 of 110

US 10/532667

OTHER SOURCE(S):

WO 2002-JP2741

R1XQY A Z - G - W(C - O)R2

The title compds. I [RI represents an optionally substituted five-membered heterocyclic group; X represents a bond, etc.; O represents a CI-20 divalent hydrocarbon group; Y represents a bond, etc.; ring A represents (CR2)n21 (n is an integer of 0 to 8 and 21 represents a bond, etc.), etc.; ring B represents a five-membered heterocycle optionally having one to three substituents; N represents a CI-20 divalent saturated hydrocarbon group; and R2 represents OH, etc.), are prepared A process for preparing I is disclosed. Compds. of this invention at 0.01% in feed given to diabetic mice for 4 days caused 43% to 42% decrease of blood sugar. Formulations are given.

BENCE COUNT:

88 THERS ARE 86 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REPERENCE COUNT:

APLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN 2002:550980 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> 138:118596 L28 ANSWER 11 OF 29 ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

AUTHOR (S) .

CORPORATE SOURCE:

January Sangao McArbus Sull-text

138:118596
Alkylphenolic compounds and their effect on the injury rate, survival and acetylcholinesterase activity of the rat neuronal cell line PC12
Talorete, T. P. N.; Booda, H.; Mackawa, T.
Institute of Agricultural and Porest Engineering, University of Tuskuba, Tsukuba City, Ibaraki, 305-8572, Japan
Animal Cell Technology; Basic & Applied Aspects, Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Japanese Association for Animal Cell Technology, 13th, Pukuoka and Karateu, Japan, Nov. 16-21, 2000 (2002), Meating Date 2000, 485-489. Editor(s): Shirahata, Sanetaka; Teruya, Kiichiro; Katakura, Yoshinori. Kluwer Academic Publishers: Dordrecht, Neth.
CODEN: 65CWTU; ISBN: 1-4020-0271-8

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Conference English

MOST: Conterence
AGG: English
Most studies on hormonally active agents or endocrine disruptors have been
limited to polychlorinated biphenyls and dioxins. In this paper, we report
results of in vitro studies on the effects of alkylphenolic compds., namely,
n-pentylphenol, n-hexylphenol, n-heptylphenol, n-octylphenol, and nnonylphenol, on the injury rate, survival, and acceylcholinesterass activity
of the rat pheochromocytoms cell line PC12. Results using the lactate
dehydrogenase cyctoxicity assay to determine cell injury rate reveal that the
alkylphenols mentioned did not induce cell necrosis beyond 10%, even at
concus. as high as 100 µM in a 15-min incubation period. Exposing the cells
to alkylphenols for 4 h and testing for DNA fragmentation showed that
nonylphenol and octylphenol also did not induce apoptosis, even at concus. as
high as 500 and 100 µM, resp. However, incubating the cells with the
alkylphenols for 24 h significantly inhibited acetylcholinesterase activity at

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AB The title compds. I [wherein Rl = (un)substituted (hetero)hydrocarbonyl; X and Y = independently a bond, O, S, CO, CS, SO, SO2, CRJOR4, NR5, CONR6, or NR6CO; R3 and R6 = independently H or (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl; R4 = H or protecting group of OH; R5 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl, or protecting group of amino; O and W = independently (CR2)m; m = 1-20; ring A = (un)substituted aryl; n = 1-8; ring B = (un)substituted semiplered ring containing N; V = a bond, O, S, SO, SO2, NR7, or NR7CO; R7 = H or (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl; R2 = PO(ORB) (ORB), CORIO, (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl; R8 and R9 = independently H or (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl; or R8 and R9 together form (un)substituted ring; R10 = H or (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl; with provise) and salts or prodrugs thereof are prepared as antidiabetic agents. For example, the acid II (prepn given) was treated with iso-Bu chlorocarbonate in THP in the presence of 4-methylmorpholine, followed by the addition of THF solution of H2NN12*H3O. The above product was then reacted with tri-Me orthobutyrate in 1,4-dioxane in the presence of methanesulfonic acid to afford the target compd III (70%). III showed ICSO of 0.034 µM and 0.15 µM against peroxisome proliferator-activated raceptors (PPAR) y and PPARy-RXRx, resp. A capsule formulation containing III as an active ingredient was also described.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARS 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 10 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754366 HCAPLUS Pull-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:2793197
TITLE: Preparation of five-membered heterocyclic alkanoic acid derivatives as remedies for diabetes and

INVENTOR (S):

nyperlipidemia
Nomone, Yu; Maskawa, Tenyochi;
Imoto, Hiroshi; Odeka, Hiroyuki; Kimura, Hiroyuki
Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 165 pp.
CODSN: PIXXO2 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

MO 2002076959 A1 20021003 MO 2002-79741 20020322

W: AR. AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DR, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GR, GM, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MZ, NG, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, VU, ZA, ZM, ZM

RN: GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DB, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IB, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SB, TR, BP, BJ, CP, CI, CM, AG, NG, OG, OM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO

AU 2002239033 A1 20021006 AJ 2002-239033 20020322

EP 1394154 A1 20040010 BP 2002-705433 20020322

EP 13941554 A1 20040010 BP 2002-705433 20020322

EP 13941554 A1 20040010 BP 2002-705433 20020322

EP 13941555 A1 20040010 WS 2002-372559 20030922

R: AT, BB, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SB, MG, FT, IE, SI, LT, LY, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

US 2004063775 A1 20040010 BP 2001-85522 A 20101022

US 2004063775 PRIORITY APPLN, INFO.: US 2003-472159 JP 2001-85572 20030922 A 20010323

Page 94 of 110

US 10/532667

concns. as low as 0.8 µM, with n-octylphenol showing the most significant .

effect. Since it is believed that human exposure to nonylphenol from drinking
water is around 0.7 µg / day and that these compds. can accumulate in adipose
tissue, this finding may implicate alkylphenols in neurol. and behavioral
disturbances in both animals and humans.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERS ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 12 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:521714 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:109278
Preparation of alkanoic acid derivatives as preventives and/or remedies for diabetes, hyperlipidemia, impaired glucose tolerance, and retinoid-related receptor regulators

NUMBER: YEL MARKAWAR, TSUYODHI;
Takekura, Nobuyuki; Odaka, Hiroyuki; Kimura, Hiroyuki; tto, Tateuya

PATENT ASSIGNES(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 235 pp.
COBEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese 1 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S):

:

L28 ANSWER 13 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:485558 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:180118
TITLE: Histamina.

Histamine-induced itch-scratch response and cutaneous nerve firing in mice: comparison with

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

nerve firing in mice: comperison with serotonin Nojima, H.; Mackaws, T.; Kuraishi, Y.
Department of Applied Pharmacology, Paculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Toyama Medical and Pharmaceutical University, Toyama, 930-0194, Japan International Congress Series (2001), 1224 (Mistamine Research in the New Millennium), 467-468
CODEN: EXMDA4; ISSN: 0531-5131
Flanvier Science B.V. SOURCE :

Blackier Science B.V.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE :

EMT TYPE: Journal MGOS: English To assess the itch-associated response of primary afferents innervating the murine skin in vivo, dose-response curves and time-courses for itch-scratching and cutaneous nerve firing responses to intradermal injections of pruritogens (histamine and serotonin) were compared in ICR and ddY mice. Histamine increased tich-scratch response and cutaneous nerve firing in ICR, but not ddY, mice. Serotonin increased these two responses in either ICR or ddY mice.

Page 97 of 110

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AB Described are preventives or remedies for diabetes containing compds. of the general formula (I) or their salts or prodrugs thereof (wherein one of R1 and R2 is hydrogen or a substituent and the other is an optionally substituted cyclic group; W is a free valency or a divalent aliphatic hydrocarbon group; and Y is a group represented by the general formula OR3 (wherein R3 is hydrogen, optionally substituted hydrocarbyl, an optionally substituted heterocyclic group, or optionally substituted and explor expressly which may be converted into an ester or an amidel. These compds. have excellent insulin secretion-promoting and blood sugar-decreasing effects and low toxicity and are useful as drugs, particularly preventive and therapeutic agents for diabetes and diabetic complication. Thus, reduction of 3-15-(3.4-dichlorophenyl)-4-isoxazolyl]propionic acid Me ester (preparation given) by discobutylalunium hydride in hexane/HPF at room temperature for 1 h gave 97% 3-(5-(3.4-chlorophenyl)-4-isoxazolyl]propanol (II): II at 10 mg/kg p.o. was administered to rats and after 60 min, the rats were fed with glucose at 2 g/kg p.o. After 10 min, the blood sample was taken and the blood sugar level measured was 75% of the control. A capsule and tablet formulation containing II were formulated.

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2002:149264 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> 136:340623 Novel 5-Substituted 2,4-Thiszolidinedione and L28 ANSWER 15 OF 29 ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

AUTHOR (8):

Novel 5-Substituted 2,4-Thiszolidinedione and 2,4-Oxazolidinedione Derivatives as Insulin 2,4-Oxazolidinedione Derivatives as Insulin Sensitizers with Antidiabetic Activities (Monose, Tu: Naekawa, Tauyoshi; Yemano, Tohru: Kawada, Mitsuru; Odaka, Hiroyuki; Ikeda, Hitoshi; Sohda, Takashi Medicinal Chemistry Research Laboratories II, Pharmacology Research Laboratories II, and Strategic Research Planning, Pharmaceutical Research Division, Takeda Chemical Industries Ltd., Yodogawaku, Osaka, 532-6868, Japan Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(7), 1516-1534
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2621
American Chemical Society
Journal

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER

DOCUMENT TYPE:

OTHER SOURCE(S) .

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal English CASREACT 136:340623

The dose-response curves and time-courses for histamine- and serotonin-induced nerve firing were similar to those for the itch-erratch response. The results suggest that histamine does not necessarily act as a pruritogen in mice, and raise the possibility that strain difference in the pruritogenic action of histamine is at least partly due to the difference in responsiveness of cutaneous nerve to this biogenic amine.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 L28
 ANSWER 14 OF 29
 HCAPLUS
 COPYRIGHT 2007
 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

 DOCUMENT NUMBER:
 2002:391693
 HCAPLUS
 Full-text Publication

 DOCUMENT NUMBER:
 136:401786
 HCAPLUS
 Full-text Publication

HCAPLUS Full-text

136:401786

Preparation of isoxazole derivatives for prevention and treatment of diabetes
Momose, Yu; Mackawe, Tauyosh;
Asakawa, Tosocho; Sakan, Nozomu
Takede Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 270 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

| | | | | APPLICAT | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 20011116 |
| W: | AB, AG, A | L, AM, AT | , AU, AZ, | BA, BB, BG, | BR, BY, B2 | Z, CA, CH, CN, |
| | CO, CR, CI | J, CZ, DE | , DK, DM, | DZ, EC, ER, | ES. FI. GE | B. GD. GE. GH. |
| | OM, HR, HI | J. 1D, 1L | . IN. IS. | JP. KE. KG. | KR. KZ. LC | LK, LR, LS, |
| | | | | | | Z, OM, PH, PL. |
| | | | | | | r, TZ, UA, UG, |
| | US. UZ. VI | | | ,, | ,, | ,,,, |
| RW: | | | | SL. SZ. TZ. | UG. ZM. ZV | , AT, BE, CH, |
| | | | | | | , PT, SE, TR, |
| | | | | | | S, SN, TD, TG |
| CA 2429 | | | | | | 20011116 |
| | | | | | | 20011116 |
| | | | | | | 20011116 |
| | | | | | | 20011116 |
| | | | | | | SE, MC. PT. |
| K: | | | | | LI, LO, NI | , SE, MC, PT, |
| | | | | CY, AL, TR | | |
| | | | | | 416658 | 20030514 |
| | 725 | | | | | |
| | | | 20060420 | US 2005- | | |
| PRIORITY APP | LN. INFO.: | | | | | A 20001117 |
| | | | | | | W 20011116 |
| | | | | | 416658 | A3 20030514 |
| OTHER SOURCE | (S): | MARPAT | 136:4017 | 86 | | |

Page 98 of 110

US 10/532667

5-(e-Azolylalkoxyphenylalkyl)-2,4-thiszolidinones and -2,4-oxszolidinones such as furylmethyloxszolylmethoxymethoxyphenylpropyl oxszolidinedione I were prepared as potential antidiabetic and antihyperlipidemic agents. Many of the 2,4-thiszolidinediones and 2,4-oxszolidinones showed potent glucose- and lipid-lowering activities. The antidiabetic activities of the 2,4-oxszolidinediones were superior to those of the 0,4-thiszolidinediones. Both enantiomers of I, one of the most interesting compde. in terms of activity, were synthesized by using an asym. O-acetylation of the corresponding α -hydroxyvalerate with immobilized lipses, followed by cyclization of the oxszolidinedioner ing. The (R)-(*)-enantiomer of I showed more potent glucose-lowering activity [ED25 = 0.581 mg/kg/d) than elber the (S)-(-)-enantiomer (ED25 - 1.5 mg/kg/d) or picglitzone (ED25 = 6 mg/kg/d) in KKay mice. (+)-(R)-I also exhibited a 10-fold more potent antidiabetic activity (ED25 = 0.5 mg/kg/d) than picglitzatone (ED25 = 0.5 mg/kg/d) in Wister fatty rats. The antidiabetic effects of I are related to its activity as a potent agonist for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PDRA**-) (ES5 = 6.5 n M). The crystal structures of intermediates in the synthesis of nonrecemic thiszolidiadediones were determined by X-ray crystalleg. 5-(m-Azolylalkoxyphenylalkyl)-2,4-thiazolidinones and -2,4-oxazolidinones such

REFERENCE COUNT:

L28 ANSWER 16 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
116:212052
ALKIPHOROLOGY
TITLE:
AUTHOR(S):
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
16:212052
ALKIPHOROLOGY Pull-text
116:212052
ALKIPHOROLOGY Compounds and their effect on the injury rate, survival and acetylcholinesterase activity of the rat neuronal cell line PC12
Telorete, T. P. N.; Isoda, H.; Mackawa, T.
Institute of Agricultural and Porest Engineering, University of Teukuba, Ibaraki, Japan
SOURCE:
CODEN: CYTORE, ISBN: 0920-9069
FUBLISHER:
CODEN: CYTORE, ISBN: 0920-9069
LANGUAGE:
SNglish
SNglish
SNglish
SNglish

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

MENT TYPE: Journal
MAGE: English
Most studies on hormonally active agents or endocrine disrupters were limited
to polychlorinated biphenyls and discrise. In this paper, we report results of
in vitro studies on the effects of alkylphenolic compds, namely, npentylphenol, n-hexylphenol, n-heptylphenol, n-octylphenol, and n-nonylphenol,
on the injury rate, survival, and acetylcholinesterase activity of the rat
pheochromocytoms cell line PC12. Results using the lactate dehydrogenase
cytotoxicity assay to determine cell injury rate reveal that the alkylphenols
mentioned did not induce cell necrosis beyond 30%, even at concns. as high as

mentioned did not induce cell necrosis beyond 10%, even at conces, as high as
300 µM in a 15-ain incubation period. Exposing the cells to alkylphenols for 4 h and testing for DNA fragmentation showed that nonylphenol and octylphenol
also did not induce apoptosis, even at conces, as high as 500 and 100 µM,
resp. However, incubating the cells with the alkylphenols for 24 h
significantly inhibited acetylcholinesterase activity at conces, as low as 0.8
µM, with noctylphenol showing the most significant effect. Since it is
believed that human exposure to nonylphenol from drinking water is around 0.7
µg day-1 and that these compds. can accumulate in adipose tissue, this finding
may implicate alkylphenols in neurol; and behavioral disturbances in both
animals and humans.
ENECS COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

136:350405 Novel 5-substituted-1H-tetrazole derivatives as potent glucose and lipid lowering agenta Morsses, Yu.; MacRawa, Tsuyoshi; Odaka, Hiroyuki; Ikeda, Hitoshi; Sohda, Takashi Medicinal Chemiatry Research Laboratories II, Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Chuo-ku. Osaka, 540-8645, Janan AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Japan Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (2002), 50(1), 100-111 SOURCE :

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363 Pharmaceutical Society of Japan PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English CASREACT 136:350405 OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB A series of 5-(4-a)koxyphenylaikyl)-1H-tetrazole derivs, containing an oxazole-based group at the alkoxy moiety was prepared; the antidiabetic and antihyparlipidemic effects of members of the series were evaluated in two genetically obeas and diabetic animal models. The tetrazole compds, were prepared using the cycloaddns, of azides with the corresponding nitriles. Many of the 5-(4-alkoxyphenylalkyl)-1H-tetrazoles showed potent glucose and lipid lowering activities in KKAy mice. Methylphenyloxazolylmethoxypy ridylpropyletrazole: had potent glucose lowering activity (ED25 = 0.037 mg-1-d-1), being 72 times more active than pioglitazons hydrochloride (ED25 = 6.0 mg-kg-1-d-1); in addition, I also exhibited strong antihyperlipidemic activity (ED25 = 0.0377 mg-kg-1-d-1) in wister fatty rate. The antidiabetic activity (ED25 = 0.0377 mg-kg-1-d-1) in wister fatty rate. The antidiabetic activity of I is likely related to its potent agonistic activity for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor y (PDAR) (EC50 = 6.75 mM).

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 18 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:866517 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

136:16273
Lipid peroxidetion in the rat brain after CO inhalation is temperature dependent Kudo, Rias; Adachi, Junko; Uemura, Koichi; Mankawa, Tauycshi; Ueno, Yasuhiro; Yoshida, Ken-ichi AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Legal Medicine, Koba University Graduate School of Medicine, Kobe, Japan Free Redical Biology & Medicine (2001), 31(11), 1417-1423

SOURCE .

CODEN: FRBMEH; ISSN: 0891-5849

Page 101 of 110

US 10/532667

by glibenclamide. During the PC procedure, no significant increase in dNE was detected, even with the uptake-I inhibitor designamine. Conclusions-Cardiac sympathetic nerve injury during myocardial ischemia was attenuated by PC via the activation of KATP channels, but the trigger of the PC effect is unlikely to be NF release in down hearts. the activation of KALF ensumes.

Co be NE release in dog hearts.

THERE ARE 35 CITED REPERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE PORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

L28 ANSWER 20 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
2001:396864 HCAPLUS Pull-cext
135:19632 THE Preparation of pyrazolyl- and
pyrrolylalkanoic acid derivatives with hypoglycemic
and hypolipidemic activity
Momons. Yu: Mackaws. Tauyoshi:
Odaks. Hiroyuki; Kamura, Hiroyuki
PATENT ASSIGNRE(S):
Takeds Chemical Industries. Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 375 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
Patent

Patent English 2

ZA 2002003824 HK 1045991

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A1 20010531 WO 2000-JP7877 20001109
AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, EE, OD, GE, HR, RU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KO, KR, KZ, LT, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, LA, US, UZ, VN, VU, ZA
LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, PI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TG, BF, CT, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
A1 20010531 CA 2000-2390923 20001109
A2 20010821 JP 2000-147462 20001109
B2 20051207
A 20020826 BP 2006 20010531 WO 2001038325 WO 2000-JP7877 A1 20001109 W: AR, AG, AL, CZ, DM, DZ, LC, LK, LR, RU, SG, GH, GM, DE, DK, SI, RW: BJ, CF, CG, CA 2390923 JP 2001226350 JP 3723071 BR 2000015466 20020806 BR 2000-15466 EP 2000-974857 20001109 20001109 EP 1228067 20020607 1228067 A1 20020807 B2 20001091
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, SE, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, PI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
200203165 A2 20030128 HU 2002-31695 20001109
519238 A 20031018 JP 2002-31595 20001109
519238 A 20031018 JP 2002-31595 20001109
519238 A 20031128 NZ 2000-574857 20001109
1457490 T 20040715 AT 2000-574857 20001109
1457490 A1 20040915 B7 3004-76598 20001109
1457490 A1 20040915 B7 2004-76598 20001109
1457490 T 20041710 PT 2000-974857 20001109
1457490 B2 20050428 AD 2001-10031 20001109
1225252 T 3 20050316 B2 2000-974857 20001109
1225252 T 3 20050316 B2 2000-974857 20001109
12252919 C2 20050327 RU 2002-13536 20001109
12352919 C2 20050527 RU 2002-13536 20001109
12352919 B1 20070220 US 2002-2108 20020509
1002CNORO645 A 20050311 IN 2002-KN445 20020518
1002CNORO645 A 20050311 RN 2002-10845 20020519
1002CNORO645 A 20050311 RN 2002-10845 20020518 EP 1228067 20040714 HU 200203165 JP 2003137865 NZ 519238 AT 271049 RP 1457490 RP 1457490 A1 2
R: AT, BB, CH, DB, DK,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI,
DT 1228067 T 2
SS 2225252 T 3
AU 780948 B2
RU 2252939 C2 BS 2225252 AU 780948 RU 2252939 NO 2002002108 US 7179823 IN 2002KN00645

Page 103 of 110

US 10/532667 PUBLISHER:

Bleevier Science Inc.

ANGUAGE: English

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE:
English
AB The authors reported previously that 7-hydroperoxycholesterols, 7α- and 7βhydroperoxycholester-5-en-3β-01 (7α-00H and 7β-00H), indicated lipid peroxidn.
(2000). In the present study, the authors measured not only 7hydroperoxycholesterols but also oxysterols (7α- and 7β-hydroxycholesterol,
7α-0M, and 7β-0H) and 3β-hydroxycholest-5-en-7-one (7-ket) in the brains of
rate that underwent sither a sham operation (control), hypoxia, or CO
inhelation (1005 pm) at 37* for 90 min followed by 48 h of recovery. The
levels of 7-hydroperoxycholesterols, 7β-0M, and 7-keto were low in the hypoxia
group, while the levels were unaltered in the CO group compared with the
controls. Among the three groups of CO inhelation, these levels were high in
the hypothermia group (39*), compared with the control group. The blood 02
asturation was almost normal in the hypothermia group, while it was similarly
low in the hypothermia and normothermis groups. The temperature-dependent
lipid peroxidn. in the brain after CO inhelation and recovery can not be
explained by hypoxia due to CO-Hb formation, but may contribute to the delayed
neuronal death following CO inhelation.
REFERENCE COUNT:

26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 19 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:715652 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:245474

136:245474
Ischemic preconditioning attenuates cardiac sympathetic nerve injury via ATP-mensitive potassium channels during myocardial ischemia Miura. Toshiro; Kawamura, Shuji; Tatauno, Mironari: Ikeda. Yasuhiro; Mikami, Shunauke; Iwemoto, Hiroshi; Okamura, Takyuki; Pukatate, Mitsuo; Kimura, Hosayawi; Dairaku, Yuka; Maokawa, Tsuyoshi; Macauzaki, Masunori
Department of Cardiovascular Medicine, Yamaguchi University School of Medicine, Ube, Japan Circulation (2001), 104(9), 1053-1058
CODEN: CIROZI; ISSN: 0009-7322
Lippincott Milliams & Wilkins
Journal AUTHOR (S) .

CORPORATE SOURCE:

English

SOURCE:

UAGE: English

Background-During myocardial ischemia, massive norepinephrine (NE) is released from the cardiac sympathetic nerve terminals, reflecting the sympathetic nerve injury. A briaf preceding ischemia can reduce infarct size: this is known as ischemic preconditioning (PC). The effact of PC on aympathetic nerves, however, including its underlying mechanisms in dog hearts, has remained unclear. Thus, this atudy was designed to elucidate whether the activation of ATP-sensitive potassium (KA) channels is involved in the mechanism of cardiac sympathetic nerva protection conferred by PC. Nethods and Results-Interatitial NE concentration was measured by the in situ cardiac microdialysis method in 45 ansathetized dogs. Five minutes of ischemia followed by 5 min of reparfusion was performed as PC. In the controls, the dialysate NE concentration (dME) increased 15-fold after the 40-min ischemia. PC decreased dME at 40-min ischemia by 594 (Pc.0.1), which was reversed by glibenclamide. A KATP channel opener, nicorandil (25 µg·kg-1-min-1 IV), decreased dNE at 40 min of ischemia by 764 (Pc.0.1), which was also reversed

Page 102 of 110

US 10/532667

19991210 19991210 19991210 20001109 20001109 PRICRITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-320317 JP 1999-320317 JP 1999-352237 JP 1999-352236 EP 2000-974857 JP 2000-347462 WO 2000-JP7877

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:19632

X = (CH2)m=Y=A= (CH2)n=B=W=CO-R3

Title compda. (I) [wherein R1 = (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or heterocycle; X = bond, O, S, CO, CS, CR4(DR5), or NR6: R4 and R6 = independently H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon; R5 = H or hydroxyl protective group; m = 0-3: Y = O, S, SO, SO2, NR7, CONR7, or NR70C; R7 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon; R3 = H or hydroxyl protective group; m = 0-3: Y = O, S, SO, SO2, NR7, CONR7, or NR70C; R7 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon; R3 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon; R3 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or haterocycle; M = bond or hydrocarbon; R3 = OR8 or NR87R1O; R8 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or haterocycle; M = bond or hydrocarbon; R3 = OR8 or NR87R1O; R8 = H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or heterocycle; or R9 and R10 = independently H or (un)aubstituted hydrocarbon or neterocycle; or R9 and R10 together with the N to which they are attached may form a ring) were prepared as retinoid-related receptor function regulating agents or insulin resistance improving agents. Por example, Rt 3-[1-(4-hydroxybenxyl)-4-phenyl-3-pyrrolyl)propionate and 4-chloromethyl-5-methyl-2-(2- thinsyl)oxacole were coupled in the presence of K2CO3 in DM7 and treated with HCl to give II (77%). At a concentration of 0.0018, II reduced hypoglycemic and hypolipidenic action by 484 and 70%, resp., lowared total cholesterol by 164, and increased the plasma anti-arteriosclarosis index by 131 compared to non-treatment groups of mice. In addition, II showed potent PPARY-RKR heterodimer ligand activity with ECS of addition, II showed potent PPARY RARGA heterodiner ligand activity with ECSO of 1.5 nM. I are useful for the pravantion or treatment of diabetes mellitua, hyperlipidamia, impaired glucose tolerance, inflammatory diseases, and arteriosclerosis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE PORMAT

L28 ANSWER 21 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:373577 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

2001:13537 RAPLUS FULL-TEXT 135:342441 Cerebroapinal fluid and plasma concentrations of nitric oxide matabolitas in postoperative patients with subgrachnoid hemorrhage DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Page 104 of 110

Sadamitsu, Daikai; Kurods, Yasuhiro; Nagamitsu. Tsutomu; Tsuruta, Ryosuke; Inoue, Takeshi; Ueda Toshiko; Nakashima, Ken; Ito, Haruhide; Mankawa Tsuyoshi

L28 ANSWER 22 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:490469 HCAPLUS Full-text
133:206:176
Extensive brain hemorrhage and embryonic lethelity in a mouse null mutant of CREB-binding protein
AUTHOR(8): Tanaka, Y.; Naruse, I.; Hongo, T.; Xu, M.-J.;
Nakahats, T.; Markanva, T.; Lehit, S.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Molecular Genetics, RIKEN Taukubs
Institute, and CREST (Core Research Project, JST (Japan Science and Technology) Research Project, JST (Japan Science and Technology Corporation), Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-0074, Japan
SOURCE: McDUMCE: Sisse Overlopent (2000), 95(1,2), 133-145
CODEN: MEDUMCE; ISSN: 0925-4773
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal of Technology (Japan Science Ireland Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

EMT TYPE: Journal
ANGE: English
CREB-binding protein (CBP) is a transcriptional co-activator which is required
by many transcription factors. Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome (RTS), which is an
autosomal dominant syndrome characterized by abnormal pattern formation, is
associated with mutations in the human CBP gene. Various abnormalities occur

Page 105 of 110

US 10/532667

SOURCE:

Yakuri to Chiryo (1973-2000) (1991), 19(4), 1391-400 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603 Journal Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE:

NUMB: Japanese

Effects of bifemelene HCl (SIF) on memory function and catecholsmine.

Bifects of bifemelene HCl (SIF) on memory function and catecholsmine.

Bifects of bifemelene HCl (SIF) on memory function and catecholsmine.

Bifects of bifemelene HCl (SIF) on memory function and catecholsmine in carechia streny occlusion and hemorrhagic hypotension (50 mmHg). Bither saline (non-treated group) or BIF (10 mg/kg, i.p.: BIF group) was given prior to inducing ischemia. Memory function measured by conditioned avoidance response was decreased to 30.apprx.50% for 7 days in nontreated group while it did not change in BIF group (70.apprx.50%). At the 7th day following ischemia, the brain samples were taken for the messurements of both catecholamine levels (NA and DA) and in vitro receptor autoradiog. (Dlu:3H-L-Olu and MACh:3H-ONB). The DA level was decreased in striatum in BIF group. The decreased binding sites of 3H-Glu and/or 3H-ONB in septum and hippocampus in the BIF group were less severe than those in the non-treated group. These results indicate that BIF ameliorates memory impairment related to neurogrammentiter derangements (Glu and ACh) following transient brain ischemia.

L28 ANSWER 25 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:94999 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:94999
TITLE: Spidure! business

114:94999

Spidural bupivacsine suppresses local glucose utilization in the spinsl cord and brain of rsts Kurods, Yasuhiro; Sakabe, Takefumi; Nakakimura, Kazuhiko; Oshita, Shuzoh; Nachawa, Tsuyoshi; Jehikawa, Toshizoh; Takeshita, Hiroshi Dep. Anesthesiol., Yamaguchi Univ. Hosp., Ube, 755.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Anesthesiology (1990), 73(5), 944-50 CODEN: ANESAV; ISSN: 0003-3022 SOURCE:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

UMGE: English

Using the 2-[14C]deoxyglucose method, the effects of analgesic doses of epidural bupivscaine (300 µg) on local spinal cord glucose utilization (SP-LOU) of the cervicel, thoracic, and lumbar regions and local cerebral glucose utilization (RR-LOU) in 18 brain structures were examined in conscious rata. The effects of i.m. bupivscaine (300 µg) and the spinal cord transection (T2) were also examined to determine whether the induced metabolic changes are related to the drug systemic effect and/or deafferentation. Lumbar epidural bupivacaine sufficient to produce snalgeals decreased SP-LOU in the thoracic (18-281) and lumbar [21-291) spinal cord but not in the cervicel cord. Epidural bupivacaine decreased BR-LOU 15-264 in 35 of 38 structures examined With i.m. bupivacaine, SP-LOU remained unchanged in almost all regions, while BR-LOU was decreased 11-234 in 23 structures. Plasma conces. of bupivacaine in the epidural and i.m. groups were comparable. With spinal cord transection alone, SP-LOU decreased with varying degrees depending on the structure examined, but BR-LOU did not decrease in 36 of 18 structures examined Thus, analgesic doses of epidural bupivacaine decrease SP-LOU, probably reflecting decreased neuronal activity of the spinal cord. Reduced BR-LOU by epidural bupivacaine is most likely due to the drug systemic effect rather than desferentstion. Using the 2-[14C]deoxyglucose method, the effects of analgesic doses of

L28 ANSWER 26 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:5427 HCAPLUS Full-text

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REFERENCE COUNT:

L28 ANSWER 23 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:764632 HCAPLUS Pull-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:247357
TITLE: Changes in the extracellular glutamate concentrations in the rat cortex following localized hyperthermia
AUTHOR(S): Adachi, H.; Pujisawa, H.; Mackawa, T.;
Yamaehita, T., Ito, H.
CORPORATE SOURCE: School Medicine, Yamaguchi University, Ube, 755, Japan International Journal of Hyperthermia (1995), 11(4), 587-99
CODEN: JHYEO; ISSN: 0265-6736
Teylor & Francis
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Journal of Hyperthermia (1995), 11(4), 587-99

English

NAME: Seglish
To test the hypothesis that glutemate excitotoxicity may play a role in hypothermia-induced central rervous system injury, the authors measured the extracellular glutemate concns. using intracerebral microdialysis, in the rat brain following localized hyperthermia. The glutemate concentration in the dialyzate was not increased by mild hyperthermia (41°), but it reached 250% of the control level 40 min after a 20-min period of moderate hyperthermis (43°) and then decreased rapidly. When severe hyperthermia (45°) was induced, the glutemate concentration reached apprx.300% of the control level and was maintained at that level for 100 min after hyperthermia cessation. The elevated extracellular glutemate concens. by local hyperthermia reached neurotoxic levels. Thus, a glutemate-mediated, excitotoxic process may play an important role in hyperthermia-induced cellular injury in the central nervous system.

L28 ANSMER 24 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1991:505901 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
115:105901
Effect of bifemelsne hydrochloride on memory
disturbance and neurotransmitter derangement
following transient forebrain inchemis in rats
I shikawa. Toehizoh; Kubo, Mesemi; Nakashima, Ken;
PSTK, Y. C.; Shigedomi, Michio; Mackawa,
TBUyonhi; Sakabe, Takefumi, Takeshita, Hiroshi
SCh. Med., Yamaguchi Univ., Ube, 755, Japan

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112:5427
Divalent ions in cardiopulmonary-cerebral resuscitation
Markowa. Tauyophi
Dep. Critical Care Med., Ysmaguchi Univ. Hosp., Ysmaguchi, Japan
Magnesium (1969), 6(3-4), 154-62
CODEN: MAGND2: ISBN: 0252-1156
Journsl; AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

GENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
JAGE: English
A review with 40 refs. The science of resuscitation has advanced considerably
during the past 25 yr as a consequence of modern cardiopulsonary resuscitation
(CPR). Complete cerebral ischemia for more than 6 sin will result in
irreversible brain damage in human subjects. However, recent studies suggest
that there may be time-dependent therapeutic measures which could improve the
neurol. outcome after CPR. These studies suggest that cerebral ischemis is
multifactorial in nature and that Ca2+, Mg2+ and Fe2+ ions are important in
producing the sequential events which take place at a cellular level.
Therefore, a variety of specific and nonspecific calcium entry blockers (e.g.,
nimodipine, lidoflezine and Mg2+), N-methyl-D-sapartate blockers (e.g., MKaction and iron-chelating agent (e.g., deferoxamine) may prove useful as
therapeutic agents.

L28 ANSHER 27 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:31770 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:31770

Analgesic doses of epidural morphine do not affect local glucose utilization in the spinal cord in rate Kuroda, Yasuhiro; Nakkimura, Kazuhiko; Sakabe, Takefumi; Maekawa, Tauyouhi; Takeshita, TITLE: AUTHOR (S):

ANTHOR(s):

ANTHOR (S):

ANTHOR (S):

Takefum; Mackawa, Tauyouit; Takeshits,
Hiroshi

Dep. Anestesiol. Resuscitol., Ysmaguchi, Ube, 755,
Japan

SOURCE:

Anesthesis & Analgesia (Baltimore, MD. United States)
(1987), 66(11), 1175-9

CODEN: AACRAT; ISSN: 0003-2999

DOCUMENT TYPS:

Journel
LANGUAGE:

Bnglish

AB The possibility of association between changes in spinal cord glucose
metabolism and changes in spinal cord neuronal activity caused by injection of
morphine into the epidural spsce, in amts. adequate to produce analgesia, was
examined in rate. Apparently, snslgesic doses of epidural morphine do not
affect neuronal activity of the spinal cord by changing spinsl cord
cerbohydrste metabolism

L28 ANSWER 28 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:566 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:566
REPORT

104:566
Responses of ERG, cerebral oxygen consumption and blood flow to peripheral nerve stimulation during thiopentone anesthesia in the dog Miyauchi, Yoshitoyo; Saksbe, Takefumi; Mackawa, Touyonhi; Ishikawa, Toshicoh; Takeshita, Hiroshi Sch. Med., Yamaguchi huiv., Ube, 755, Japan Cenadian Ansesthetists' Society Journal (1985), 32(5), 431-4 AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

CODEN: CANJAE: ISSN: 0008-2856

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Brightsh

AB The effects of sciatic nerve stimulation on the EEG, cerebral metabolic rate
for 0 (CMR02), and cerebral blood flow (CBF) were investigated during
thiopentone [76-75-5] anesthesis in dogs. Anesthetic levels at 15, 35, 65,
95 and 125 min after the start of thiopentone infusion (23 mg/kg·h) were
designated levels I, II, III, IV and V of anesthesis, resp. The effects of
stimulation for 5 min were tested at each level. At level I (plassa
thiopentone concentration; 15 µg/mL), the ERG was activated with stimulation
and CMR02 and CBF increased by a maxisum of 16 and 15%, resp. The increase in
CMR02 and CBF was significant for 5 and 4 min, resp., though the increase at
1 min by 8 and 9%, the increase being accompanied by transient EEG activation.
At the 3 deepest levels III, IV and V (37, 42, 49 µg/mL), the EEG, CMR02 and
CBF remained unchanged with stimulation. The results suggest the existence of
the tight coupling between the EEG, CMR02, and CBF and of a threshold level of
thiopentone to block the response to peripheral stimulation during thiopentone
anesthesia.

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L28 ANSWER 29 OF 29
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1981:400669 HCAPLUS Pull-text
95:669
Effects of diazepam on evoked electrospinogram and evoked electromyogram in man
Number:
Reight Reight Mackwaw, Tauyombi; Takeshita,
Hiroshi; Maruyama, Yoichi; Shimizu, Hiroyuki; Shimoji,
Koki
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SCURCE:
Analgesia (Baltimore, MD, United States)
(1991), 60(4), 197-200
COBEN: AACRAT; ISSN: 0003-2999
DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

The effects of i.v. diszepam (I) [439-14-5] (0.2 mg/kg) on the evoked electrospinogram, recorded with an epidural electrode in the posterior epidural space of the lumbar enlargement, and on the evoked electromyogram, recorded with disc electrodes on the gastroenemius muscle, were studied following posterior tibial nerve atimulation in normal subjects. The amplitude of Pl, a reflection of afferent input through the dorsal root, was

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depressed 3 min after administration of I. The amplitude of P2 of the electrospinogram, a reflection of primary afferent depolarization in the spinal cord, was increased 10-30 min after injection. The amplitude of the H-reflex of the evoked electrosyogram decreased 3-30 min after injection, whereas that of the M-wave remained unchanged. These results euggest that I in clin. doses may directly affect the function of the human spinal cord.

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